पिछले दो वर्षों के दौरान वनरोपण की विभिन्न केन्द्रीय प्रायोजित स्कीमों के तहत जिला-वार हासिल किए लक्ष्य इस प्रकार हैं :—

जिले का नाम	1990–91	विभिन्न केन्द्रीय प्रायोजित स्कीमों के तहत आच्छादित क्षेत्र (है०में) 1991–92
कच्छ	1500.00	1138.45
जामनगर	400.00	470.00
जूनागढ़	366.00	360.00
पंचमहल	1095.00	1135.00
भावनगर	550.00	550.00
राजकोट	250.00	270.00
साबरकंथा	450.00	750.00
सुरेन्दर नगर	550.00	610.00
बड़ोदरा	281.00	365.00
गांधी नगर	—	150.00
बनसकंथा	958.63	1553.13
भड़ौच	140.00	320.00
सूरत	—	595.00
वलसाद	—	40.00
कुल :	6540.63	8256.50

Effects to Eco-Audit plan growth of Punjab

2075. SHRI B. K. HARIPRASAD : Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that the Eco-Audit plan of Government is retarding the growth of Punjab ;

(b) whether Government have received similar complaints from any other State and if so, the details thereof ; and

(c) whether Government have any plans to make the Eco-Audit acceptable to all ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI KAMAL NATH) : (a) and (b) No, Sir.

(c) The Government have introduced a scheme for envinronmental audit under which every person carrying on an industry, operation or process requiring consent under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 or under the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 or both or authorization under the Hazardous Wastes (Management and Handling) Rules, 1989 are required to submit an environmental audit report, begining from 1993.

Introduction of Eco. mark for soaps

2077. SHRI B. K. HARIPRASAD : Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Eco. mark has been introduced for Soaps and if so, the manner in which this would make environment more friendly ;

(b) whether Government have the infrastructure to implement the scheme for all the manufacturers in the country and if so, the details thereof indicating the number of soap units existing State-wise as cottage industry, small-scale and larger units ;

(c) what would be the estimated cost of implementing this scheme; and

(d) whether Government are aware that the laboratory infrastructure in Delhi is so weak that not even one sample of milk has been drawn for analysis during the last 8—10 years ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI KAMAL NATH) : (a) Government have notified the gener

and product specific requirements to be reached by Soaps, for certification by the Bureau of Indian Standards as Environment Friendly, and consequently the award of an ECOMARK. Any Soap qualifying for ECOMARK needs to meet the relevant general quality standards of the Bureau of Indian Standards. In addition, specific requirements have been laid down which would ensure that the manufacture, use and disposal of the Soap would cause less harm to the environment than otherwise.

(b) and (c) The certification of Soaps as Environment Friendly is to be done by the Bureau of Indian Standards which is the premier institution in the country for the implementation of standards. The scheme is voluntary and would become applicable only to those manufacturers of Soaps who apply to the Bureau of Indian Standards in the manner prescribed in the Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 1986, and the rules and regulations prescribed thereunder. The cost of implementing the scheme cannot, therefore, be estimated.

The number of Soap units in the cottage, small and large scale sectors in the country would not also, therefore affect the scheme.

(d) According to information available with Government, testing of milk is done both by the Delhi Milk Supply at the time of receipt of milk from suppliers and by the competent authorities of the Delhi Administration, under the Prevention of Food Adulteration Act.

Indoor pollution of air

2078. SHRI B. K. HARIPRASAD : Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are aware of the new type of dangers emanating from indoor pollution of air due to faulty design and poor machine maintenance etc. adversely affecting workers productivity ;

(b) whether faulty house designs are also adversely affecting health of residents in private houses ; and

(c) what corrective steps are proposed to be taken to improve the quality thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI KAMAL NATH) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) Air pollution inside buildings with artificial ventilation systems and constructed from chemically bonded building materials release chemicals in the air thereby polluting the indoor air. In India, buildings generally do not use chemically bonded materials and are naturally ventilated.

गुजरात में पर्यावरण और वन संरक्षण और सुधार के लिए योजना

2079. **श्री राजू भाई ए. परमार:** क्या पर्यावरण और वन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार को राज्य में पर्यावरण और वन के संरक्षण और सुधार के लिए गुजरात सरकार की कोई योजना प्राप्त हुई है, यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है और उस पर क्या कार्यवाही की गई है ; और

(ख) गुजरात में कार्यान्वित की जा रही योजनाओं का जिला-वार ब्यौरा क्या है ?

पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री कमलनाथ) : (क) गुजरात में वनों और पर्यावरण के सुधार और परिरक्षण के लिए राज्य सरकार से कोई विशेष स्कीम प्राप्त नहीं हुई है । तथापि, गुजरात में विभिन्न केन्द्रीय प्रायोजित स्कीमें चल रही हैं जिनसे वनों और पर्यावरण का परिरक्षण और सुधार होता है ।